# Smart-VS™ Plus

# PRODUCT REFERENCE GUIDE



**Smart Vision Sensor** 



#### Datasensing S.r.l.

Strada S. Caterina 235 41122 Modena Italy Tel. +39 059 420411 Fax +39 059 253973

#### This manual refers to software version 1.5.0 and later.

#### © 2020-2024 Datasensing S.r.l.

All rights reserved. Without limiting the rights under copyright, no part of this documentation may be reproduced, stored in or introduced into a retrieval system, or transmitted in any form or by any means, or for any purpose, without the express written permission of Datasensing S.r.l. Owners of Datasensing products are hereby granted a non-exclusive, revocable license to reproduce and transmit this documentation for the purchaser's own internal business purposes. Purchaser shall not remove or alter any proprietary notices, including copyright notices, contained in this documentation and shall ensure that all notices appear on any reproductions of the documentation. Electronic versions of this document may be downloaded from the Datasensing website (www.datasensing.com).

#### **Disclaimer**

Datasensing has taken reasonable measures to provide information in this manual that is complete and accurate, however, Datasensing shall not be liable for technical or editorial errors or omissions contained herein, nor for incidental or consequential damages resulting from the use of this material. Datasensing reserves the right to change any specification at any time without prior notice.

#### **Trademarks**

Datasensing and the Datasensing logo are trademarks of Datasensing S.r.l. Datalogic and the Datalogic logo are registered trademarks of Datalogic S.p.A. in many countries, including the U.S. and the E.U.

#### **Patents**

See www.patents.datasensing.com for patent list.

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

PREFACE	
About this Manual	v
Manual Conventions	V
Technical Support	v
Support Through the Website	
Warranty	vi
COMPLIANCE	VII
General	
Power Supply	
EMC Compliance	
European Declaration of Conformity	
UKCA Declaration of Conformity	
FCC Compliance	
EAC Compliance	
LED Safety	ix
HANDLING	X
GENERAL VIEW	
RAPID CONFIGURATION	
Connect the System	
Mount and Position the Device	
HMI Button Configuration	
Button Teaching Procedure	
Button Incremental Teaching Procedure (optional)	
Button Re-Teaching Procedure (optional)	
Firmware Rollback and Reset Configurations (optional)	
Using the Smart-VS WebApp	
Dashboard Page	
Current Bank	
IP Settings	
Settings Backup	
Device Information	11
Global settings	11
Hamburger icon	11
Teaching	
Step 1: Image Setup	
Advanced Image Settings:	
ROI Settings	
Triggered Settings:	
Step 2: Acquire GOOD	
Step 3: Acquire NO GOOD	
Step 4: Acquire NO OBJECT	
Step 5: Learn	
Step 6: Response Time	
Monitoring	
Upper Bar	
Main area	
Bottom bar	20

Download the filmstrip	
I/O Settings	22
INTRODUCTION	23
Product Description	
Excellent Performance	
Ease of Setup	24
Ease of Use	24
Flexible Solution	24
Industrial Strength	24
Indicator and Keypad Button	25
Aiming System	
LED Spots	
Model Selection and Order Information	
Internal Lighting System	
Accessories	
Application Examples	28
INSTALLATION	29
Package Contents	29
Mechanical Dimensions	
Mounting And Positioning Smart-VS Plus	31
ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS	32
Power Supply	
Inputs	
Trigger and external push-button connection	
Outputs	
Digital I/O diagram	
Data Valid timing details	
On-Board Ethernet Interface	
TYPICAL LAYOUTS	
Sensor-like Setup	
WebApp for Initial Configuration and Occasional Monitoring  Setup with Telnet Communication for Job Switching	
•	
READING FEATURES	
FOV Calculation	
Detection Diagram	
MULTI JOB CONFIGURATION	42
Job Switching via Smart-VS WebApp	
Job Switching via Telnet Communication	
MAINTENANCE	4.4
Cleaning	
TROUBLESHOOTING	45
TECHNICAL FEATURES	47
TCP/IP COMMUNICATION	<i>/</i> .0
Connection	
protocol Overview	
Description of available features	
Use of synchronous features	
Use of asynchronous features	
Delimiters and separator	
Device control commands	
Command format	
Reply format	
List of available device control functions	
Return codes	
BankStatus	
CRTJB (CReaTeJoB)	
MDFJB (MoDiFyJoB)	

	EXTJB (EXiTJoB)	57
	TRNJB (TRaiNJoB)	57
	CNGJB (ChaNGeJoB)	57
	BNKST (BaNKSTatus)	58
	GTRJB (GeTRunningJoB)	58
	GTDVCS (GeTDeViCeStatus)	58
	ACQIMG (ACQuireIMaGe)	59
	CLRBNK (CLeaRBaNK)	59
	CLRJBS (CLeaRJoBS)	
	GTATS (GeTAsyncTaskStatus)	60
	FNZJB (FiNaliZeJoB)	60
	FNZTRN (FiNaliZeTRaiNing)	61
	Example of creating a new job	61
	Example of incremental training	61
Bir	nary file upload and download commands	63
	Upload command format	63
	Upload reply format	63
	Download command format	
	Download reply format	
De	vice Procedure control Commands	
	Procedure control command format and return codes	
	List of available procedure control functions	
	CRTJBF (CReaTeJoBFile)	
	CRTBCK (CReaTeBaCKup)	66
	ULBF (UpLoadBinaryFile)	67
	DLBF (DownLoadBinaryFile)	
	STJBF (SToreJoBFile)	
	STBCK (SToreBaCKup)	
	FNZJBF (FiNalaZeJoBFile)	
	FNZBCK (FiNalaZeBaCKup)	
	FNZJST (FiNaliZeJobSTorage)	
	FNZBST (FiNaliZeBackupSTorage)	
	Example Upload of a binary file	
	Scenario 1	
	Scenario 2	
	Example Downloading a binary file	
	Scenario 1	
	Scenario 2	
	Protocol exceptions	73

# **PREFACE**

# **ABOUT THIS MANUAL**

This Product Reference Guide (PRG) is provided for users seeking advanced technical information, including connection, programming, maintenance and specifications. The Quick Reference Guide (QRG) and other publications associated with this product can be downloaded free of charge from the website listed on the back cover of this manual.

#### **Manual Conventions**

The following conventions are used in this document:

The symbols listed below are used in this manual to notify the reader of key issues or procedures that must be observed when using the reader:



NOTE: Notes contain information necessary for properly diagnosing, repairing and operating the reader.



CAUTION: This symbol advises you of actions that could damage equipment or property.



WARNING: This symbol advises you of actions that could result in harm or injury to the person performing the task.

# **TECHNICAL SUPPORT**

# **Support Through the Website**

Datasensing provides several services as well as technical support through its website. Log on to (www.datasensing.com).

For quick access, from the home page click on the search icon  $\ ^{\bigcirc}$ , and type in the name of the product you're looking for. This allows you access to download Data Sheets, Manuals, Software & Utilities, and Drawings.

#### **WARRANTY**

Datasensing warrants that the Products shall be free from defects in materials and workmanship under normal and proper use during the Warranty Period. Products are sold on the basis of specifications applicable at the time of manufacture and Datasensing has no obligation to modify or update Products once sold. The Warranty Period shall be **three years** from the date of shipment by Datasensing, unless otherwise agreed in an applicable writing by Datasensing.

Datasensing will not be liable under the warranty if the Product has been exposed or subjected to any: (1) maintenance, repair, installation, handling, packaging, transportation, storage, operation or use that is improper or otherwise not in compliance with Datasensing's instruction; (2) Product alteration, modification or repair by anyone other than Datasensing or those specifically authorized by Datasensing; (3) accident, contamination, foreign object damage, abuse, neglect or negligence after shipment to Buyer; (4) damage caused by failure of a Datasensing-supplied product not under warranty or by any hardware or software not supplied by Datasensing; (5) any device on which the warranty void seal has been altered, tampered with, or is missing; (6) any defect or damage caused by natural or man-made disaster such as but not limited to fire, water damage, floods, other natural disasters, vandalism or abusive events that would cause internal and external component damage or destruction of the whole unit, consumable items; (7) use of counterfeit or replacement parts that are neither manufactured nor approved by Datasensing for use in Datasensing-manufactured Products; (8) any damage or malfunctioning caused by non-restoring action as for example firmware or software upgrades, software or hardware reconfigurations etc.; (9) loss of data; (10) any consumable or equivalent (e.g. cables, power supply, batteries, etc.); or (11) any device on which the serial number is missing or not recognizable.

THE DATASENSING WARRANTIES ARE EXCLUSIVE AND IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, WHETHER WRITTEN, EXPRESS, IMPLIED, STATUTORY OR OTHERWISE, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSE. DATASENSING SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY DAMAGES SUSTAINED BY BUYER ARISING FROM DELAYS IN THE REPLACEMENT OR REPAIR OF PRODUCTS UNDER THE ABOVE. THE REMEDY SET FORTH IN THE WARRANTY STATEMENT IS THE BUYER'S SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE REMEDY FOR WARRANTY CLAIMS. NO EXTENSION OF THIS WARRANTY WILL BE BINDING UPON DATASENSING UNLESS SET FORTH IN WRITING AND SIGNED BY DATASENSING'S AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE. DATASENSING'S LIABILITY FOR DAMAGES ON ACCOUNT OF A CLAIMED DEFECT IN ANY PRODUCT DELIVERED BY DATASENSING SHALL IN NO EVENT EXCEED THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT ON WHICH THE CLAIM IS BASED. DATASENSING SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR DAMAGES RELATING TO ANY INSTRUMENT, EQUIPMENT, OR APPARATUS WITH WHICH THE PRODUCT SOLD UNDER THIS AGREEMENT IS USED. Further details on warranty coverage, rights and conditions are addressed under and regulated by the Terms and Conditions of Sales of Datasensing available at https://www.datasensing.com/terms\_conditions\_sales.

# **COMPLIANCE**

# **GENERAL**

For installation, use and maintenance do not open the sensor.

Only connect Ethernet connections to a network which has routing only within the plant or building and no routing outside the plant or building

# **Power Supply**

ATTENTION: READ THIS INFORMATION BEFORE INSTALLING THE PRODUCT

This product is intended to be installed by **Qualified Personnel** only.

This product is intended to be connected to a UL Listed Direct Plug-in Power Unit (rated 10 to 30 V, minimum 1 A) marked LPS or "Class 2".

# **EMC Compliance**

In order to meet the EMC requirements:

- connect sensor chassis to the plant earth ground by means of a flat copper braid shorter than 100 mm;
- for direct connections, connect your cable shield to the locking ring nut of the connector.

# **European Declaration of Conformity**

Hereby, Datasensing S.r.l. declares that the full text of the European Declaration of Conformity is available at: www.datasensing.com. Select the link from the downloads section of the product page.

# **UKCA Declaration of Conformity**

Hereby, Datasensing S.r.l. declares that the full text of the UKCA Declaration of Conformity is available at: www.datasensing.com. Select the link from the downloads section of the product page.

Warning

This is a Class A product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

# **FCC Compliance**

Modifications or changes to this equipment without the expressed written approval of Datalogic could void the authority to use the equipment.

This device complies with PART 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference which may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his/her own expense.

# **EAC Compliance**

**Customs Union:** 

The CU Conformity certification has been achieved; this allows the Product to bear the Eurasian Mark of conformity.

# **LED Safety**

LED emission according to EN 62471.

# **HANDLING**

The Smart-VS Plus is designed to be used in an industrial environment and is built to withstand vibration and shock when correctly installed, however it is also a precision product and therefore before and during installation it must be handled correctly to avoid damage.

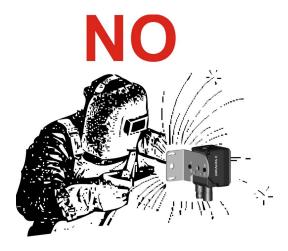
• Avoid that the device is dropped (exceeding shock limits).



• Do not fine tune the positioning by striking the device or bracket.



Do not weld the device into position. It can cause electrostatic, heat or reading window damage.



Do not spray paint near the sensor. It can cause reading window damage.



# **GENERAL VIEW**







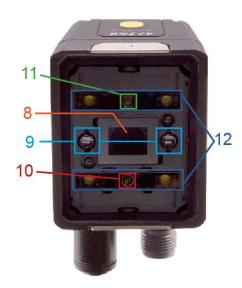


Figure 1 - General View

- 1. Bracket Mounting Holes (2)
- 2. Power On LED
- 3. Ethernet Connection LED
- **4.** 90° Rotating Connector Block
- **5.** HMI Interface
- 6. Ethernet Connector

- 7. Power I/O Connector
- 8. Lens
- 9. LED Aiming System
- **10.** Red Spot (NO GOOD)
- 11. Green Spot (GOOD)
- 12. White Polarized Illuminators



Figure 2 - HMI Interface Details

HMI CONFIGURATION		
×	NO GOOD	red LED only indicates a NO GOOD object. Red LED and Green LED indicate NO OBJECT. Blinking during Teaching (Figure 6, 3)
<u> </u>		for future use (Figure 6, 4)
노	TRIGGER	yellow LED indicates trigger input status in Teach phase, and trigger received in Run phase (Figure 6, 5)
<b>&gt;</b>	GOOD	green LED only indicates a GOOD object. Green LED and Red LED indicate NO OBJECT. Blinking during Teaching (Figure 6, 6)
Δ	RUN	green LED indicates that the device is in Run phase. If blinking, it indicates that Teaching is required (Figure 6, 7)

# CHAPTER 1 RAPID CONFIGURATION

# **CONNECT THE SYSTEM**

Figure 3 shows an example illustrating how to connect the system. In this layout the result signals are connected to the PLC while it is possible to configure and monitor the device by the Host PC.

The device is activated by an External Trigger (photoelectric sensor) when the object enters its reading zone.

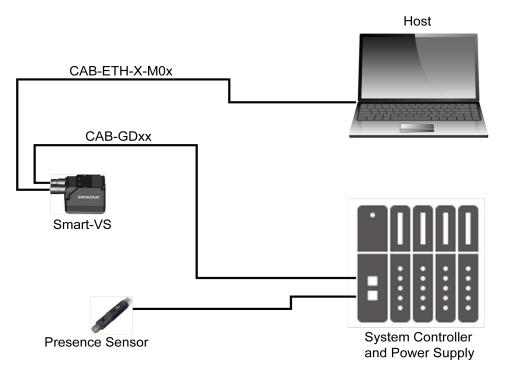


Figure 3 - Smart-VS Plus layout example

# MOUNT AND POSITION THE DEVICE

1. To mount the Smart-VS Plus, use the mounting bracket to obtain the most suitable position for the device. The most common mounting configuration is shown in the figure below.

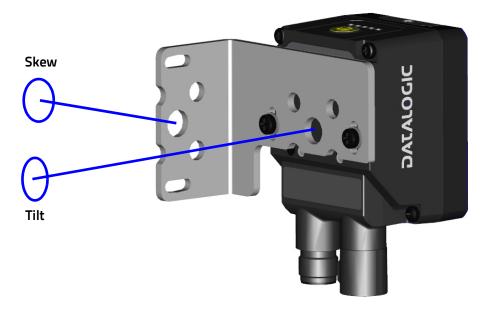


Figure 4 - Positioning with Mounting Bracket

When mounting the Smart-VS Plus take into consideration these three ideal label
position angles: Pitch or Skew 10° to 20° and Tilt 0°, although the device can operate at any tilt and skew angle provided the object feature to be inspected fits into
the Field Of View (FOV).



Figure 5 - Max. 20% pitch to avoid direct reflections



NOTE: Rapid Configuration of the Smart-VS Plus sensor can be made either through the HMI interface (see "Button Teaching Procedure" on page 3) which requires no PC connection, or by using the Smart-VS WebApp (see "Using the Smart-VS WebApp" on page 8). Select the procedure according to your needs.

# **HMI BUTTON CONFIGURATION**

The procedures described below depends on the value of the "Enable Triggered Training" parameter displayed in the "I/O Settings" on page 22.

If "Enable Triggered Training" is enabled, when the user make the Short press (< 1s), the camera will not acquire the image but will be ready to acquire it as soon as a first trigger arrives. After the Short press (< 1s) and before the arrival of the trigger, the LEDs will display the following pattern:



# **Button Teaching Procedure**

The Run LED will blink until the Teaching procedure is entered (e.g. device factory default).

Long press (> 4s, until the red LED on HMI lights up) the HMI Button to enter the Teaching procedure.

1. GOOD objects required to be taught (green LED and green spot blink).



2. Place the GOOD object in front of the Aiming System.



3. Place the trigger sensor properly. The Trigger LED indicates object detection.



4. Short press (< 1s) the HMI Button to acquire the image. More than one GOOD object can be acquired. It is suggested to acquire one image per GOOD object instance. Camera parameters are auto-adjusted on the first acquisition only.



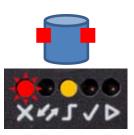


 Long press (> 4s, until the red LED on HMI lights up) the HMI Button to start acquiring NO GOOD objects. The red LED and the red spot start blinking.





6. Place the NO GOOD object in front of the Aiming System. Check the Trigger LED.



7. Short press (< 1s) the HMI Button to acquire the image. More than one NO GOOD object can be acquired.





8. Long press (> 4s, until the red LED on HMI lights up) the HMI Button to start acquiring NO OBJECT images. Both LEDs and both spots start blinking.



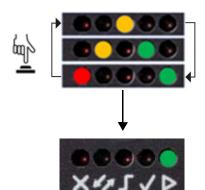


9. Short press (< 1s) the HMI Button to acquire the image. More than one NO OBJECT image can be acquired. It is not mandatory to acquire one image or more.





10. Long press (> 4s, until the red LED on HMI lights up) the HMI Button to enter the automatic learning procedure (LEDs pattern). In the end, the device will enter the Run Phase



\* Available ONLY on Smart-VS PLUS with software version 1.4 and later.



NOTE: The Teaching procedure can also be entered when in Run phase: press the HMI Button for 2s (yellow LED on HMI) for incremental teaching or 4s (red LED on HMI) to cancel and re-teach.

# **Button Incremental Teaching Procedure (optional)**

When in Run mode (Run green LED steady on), training images can be added to the current job.



NOTE: It is recommended to perform this procedure via WebApp to have more control over this operation.

1. Press the HMI Button for approx. 2 seconds and release it as soon as the HMI yellow LED turns on.





2. New GOOD object images can be added to the current job.



If incremental teaching is not needed for GOOD objects, skip to step 3.

Short press (< 1s) the HMI Button to acquire a





3. Long press (> 4s, until the red LED on HMI lights up) the HMI Button to start acquiring NO GOOD objects. Red LED and red spot start blinking.

GOOD image.





4. New NO GOOD object images can be added to the current job.



If incremental teaching is not needed for NO GOOD objects, skip to step 5.





Short press (< 1s) the HMI Button to acquire the NO GOOD image.





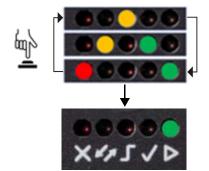
5. Long press (> 4s, until the red LED on HMI lights up) the HMI Button to start acquiring NO OBJECT image. Both LEDs and both spots start blinking.





6. New NO OBJECT images can be added to the current job. If incremental teaching is not needed for NO OBJECT, skip to step 7. Short press (< 1s) the HMI Button to acquire the image.

7. Long press (> 4s, until the red LED on HMI lights up) the HMI Button to enter the automatic learning procedure (LEDs pattern). In the end, the device will enter the Run phase.





NOTE: In case of mistakes, the procedure can be aborted before proceeding to step 7 by pressing the HMI Button for approx. 2 seconds until the HMI vellow LED turns on.





# **Button Re-Teaching Procedure (optional)**

When in Run mode (Run green LED steady on), the current job can be erased and retrained.

Long-press (> 4s, until the red LED on HMI lights up) the HMI Button to enter the Teaching procedure, then follow the "Button Teaching Procedure" on page 3.

If errors occur and the new Teaching is not finalized, the current job will not be overwritten.



NOTE: In case of mistakes, the procedure can be aborted before entering the learning procedure by pressing the HMI Button for approx. 2 seconds until the HMI yellow LED turns on.





# Firmware Rollback and Reset Configurations (optional)

It is possible to perform a firmware Rollback to the second to last software version installed or a complete Reset Configurations.



NOTE: It is suggested to close the Smart-VS WebApp before performing the procedures above. Connect to or refresh the WebApp to check the device software version (see "" on page 22).

In order to perform the Rollback or Reset procedure, follow the next steps:

- 1. Disconnect the device power supply.
- 2. Press and hold down the HMI button.
- 3. Power up the device keeping the HMI button pressed until:

• for firmware **Rollback**, hold down until all LEDs blink simultaneously, then release it when they are steady on (within 4 seconds max).



NOTE: All saved jobs are kept with a Firmware Rollback. Two consecutive Firmware Rollback procedures lead to the factory software version keeping all the saved jobs.

• for the **Reset** configurations procedure, hold down until all LEDs blink simultaneously, then release and press it again (within 1 second).



NOTE: The Reset Configurations procedure restores the factory default configurations (global settings and IP address 192.168.3.100) and erases all saved jobs, while keeping the last software version installed on your device.

# **USING THE SMART-VS WEBAPP**

Before using a Smart-VS Plus device, a Teaching procedure must be performed. Teaching can be completed either using the embedded HMI (refer to the Smart-VS Plus Quick Reference Guide) or the Smart-VS Plus WebApp graphic user interface.



NOTE: To access the Smart-VS WebApp, Google Chrome is the recommended Internet browser.

To access the Smart-VS Plus WebApp, connect to the device IP address (factory default: 192.168.3.100) via Ethernet.

For systems that support the Link-Local Multicast Name Resolution (LLMNR) protocol, you can connect to the Smart-VS by typing smart-vs/ in the address bar (if there is only one device on the network) or smart-vs-[Serial Number]/ (e.g. smart-vs-c12345p/) if there are multiple devices on the same network.



NOTE: In case of a new device, the user is automatically redirected to the Dashboard Page (see "Dashboard Page" on page 9).



NOTE: In case of an already trained device, the Monitoring page is displayed (see "Monitoring" on page 19).



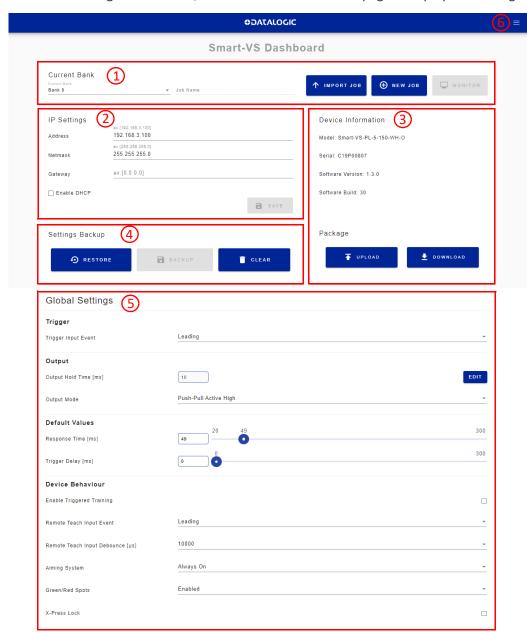
NOTE: A I/O Settings page is also available to adjust the device settings (see "I/O Settings" on page 22).



NOTE: Device information and the software update feature are available on the Dashboard Page.

# **DASHBOARD PAGE**

When connecting a new device, the "Smart-VS Dashboard" page is displayed showing:



AREA	DESCRIPTION
1	Current Bank (see "Current Bank" on page 10)
2	IP Settings (see "IP Settings" on page 10)
3	Settings Backup (see "Settings Backup" on page 10)
4	Device Information (see "Device Information" on page 11)
5	Global Settings (see "Global settings" on page 11)
6	Hamburger icon (see "Hamburger icon" on page 11)

#### **Current Bank**

Allows to change the bank in use.

#### Import Job

To import a job previously downloaded on PC from another Smart-VS.

#### **New Job**

To create a new job through the Teaching wizard. Refer to "Teaching" on page 12.

#### Monitor

Allows to go to the monitoring page if the selected bank is configured.

# **IP Settings**

Under IP Settings, the Address and Netmask fields can be edited to configure any static IP address, while the Gateway field is optional.

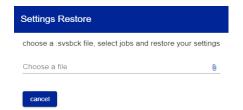
Furthermore, by enabling DHCP, the device automatically acquires the IP address. There must be a DHCP server in the network. If there is no DHCP server, the device will assign itself an IP address in the local link range (169.254.0.0/16).

# **Settings Backup**

When a Settings Backup of a device has been completed, this button allows importing all jobs and global settings of that device.

#### Restore

Opens the following window:



After selecting the backup file (.svsbck format), select one or more job you want to restore and confirm. The global settings will be restored automatically. At the end of the procedure, the Monitoring page is displayed.

#### **Backup**

Only available if there is at least one job on the device. Allows to save all the jobs on the device in a . sysbck file.

# **Device Information**

Show device information (model, serial number, software versions).

#### **Upload**

To upload a firmware package.

#### **Download**

To download the device firmware package.



CAUTION: Do NOT perform the Settings Restore and Upload Package operations while the device is receiving trigger signals.

# **Global settings**

Refer to "I/O Settings" on page 22.

# Hamburger icon



AREA	DESCRIPTION
Dashboard	Opens the Dashboard page
Monitor	Opens the Monitor page
I/O Settings	Opens the I/O Settings page
Help	Opens the Smart-VS WebApp User's guide

# **TEACHING**

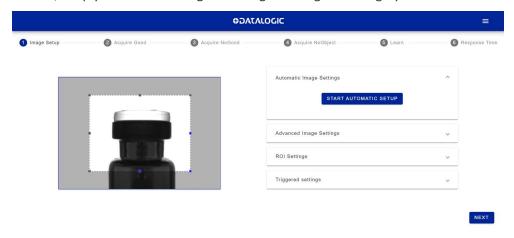
To perform Teaching on your Smart-VS Plus device, enter a job name, select the bank where to store it, click on the Create Job button, and follow the procedure described below.



# Step 1: Image Setup

On the Image Setup page, select Start Automatic Setup to automatically set the Focus Distance, the Exposure Time, and the Sensor Gain parameters (suggested). Alternatively, select Advanced Image Settings to manually set the parameters.

It is also possible to move the Field of View based on the application needs, which can be useful when objects of different batch formats must be inspected on the same line. To do this, simply click on the image and drag it throughout the gray area.



After completing image setup, click NEXT.

# **Advanced Image Settings:**

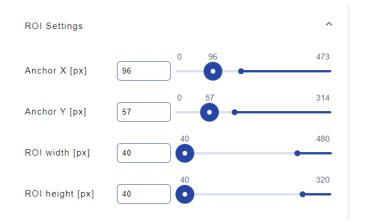
The "Advanced Image Settings" button allows to modify the image settings calculated with the automatic procedure.

The available parameters are Focus Distance, Exposure Time and Sensor Gain.



# **ROI Settings**

The "ROI Settings" button allows to modify ROI values that are Anchor X, Anchor Y (that together represent the upper left point of the ROI) and ROI width and ROI height.





NOTE: When the "Next" button is pressed, the ROI dimensions can be slightly changed automatically to improve algorithm behavior.

# **Triggered Settings:**

The "Triggered Settings" button allows to enable training in triggered mode by configuring the parameters relating to the trigger.



When enabled, the trigger mode modifies the acquisition of the images and therefore adds to the GOOD, NOT GOOD and NO OBJECT selections.

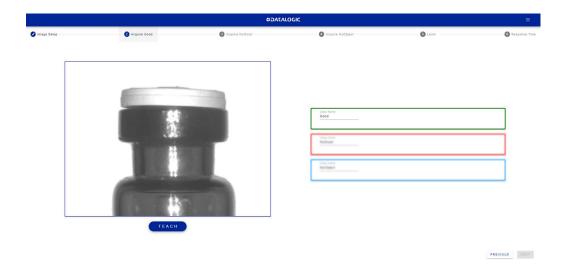
# Step 2: Acquire GOOD

On the Acquire GOOD page, if the triggered mode is not enabled, one or more GOOD objects can be acquired by clicking on the Teach button. If the triggered mode is enabled, there will be two buttons: CONTINOUS and START. When START button is clicked, every image acquired will be added to the GOOD objects. Clicking instead the CONTINOUS button, the Smart-VS will switch working like when the triggered mode was not enabled.

It is recommended to acquire as many GOOD images as the known number of instances to be treated as GOOD.



NOTE: The GOOD, NO GOOD and NO OBJECT boxes can store up to 20 images. The GOOD and NO GOOD boxes must each have at least one image, while the NO OBJECT box has no minimum number of images. Consequently, either the GOOD box or the NO GOOD box can store a maximum of 19 images.





NOTE: Click on an acquired object in the GOOD box and select DELETE to delete it.

After adding at least one object, you can click Next and go to the Acquire NO GOOD page.

# Step 3: Acquire NO GOOD

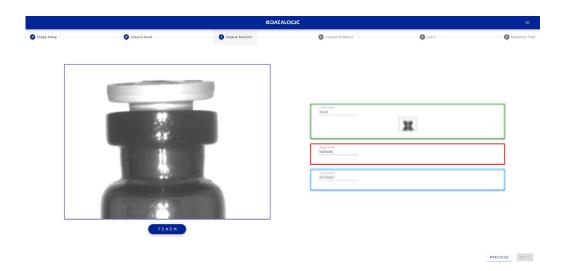
On the **Acquire NO GOOD** page, if the triggered mode is not enabled, one or more NO GOOD objects can be acquired by clicking on the Teach button. If the triggered mode is enabled, there will be two buttons: CONTINOUS and START. When START button is clicked, every image acquired will be added to the NO GOOD objects. Clicking instead the CONTINOUS button, the Smart-VS will switch working like when the triggered mode was not enabled.

On the **Acquire NO GOOD** page, one or more NO GOOD objects can be acquired by clicking on the *Teach* button.

It is recommended to acquire as many NO GOOD images as the known number of instances to be treated as NO GOOD.



NOTE: The GOOD, NO GOOD and NO OBJECT boxes can store up to 20 images. The GOOD and NO GOOD boxes must each have at least one image, while the NO OBJECT box has no minimum number of images. Consequently, either the GOOD box or the NO GOOD box can store a maximum of 19 images.





NOTE: Click on an acquired object in the NO GOOD box and select DELETE to delete it.

After adding at least one NO GOOD object, you can click on the Next button.

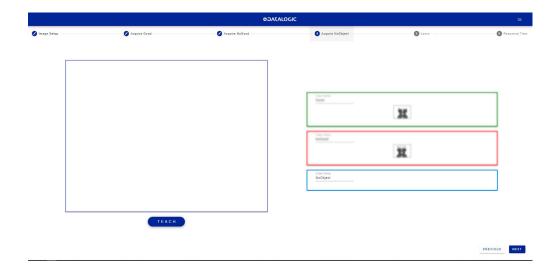
# Step 4: Acquire NO OBJECT

On the Acquire NO OBJECT page it is not mandatory to acquire one or more NO OBJECT objects, it is therefore possible to skip this step by clicking the *Teach* button.

If the triggered mode is not enabled, one or more NO OBJECT images can be acquired by clicking on the Teach button. If the triggered mode is enabled, there will be two buttons: CONTINOUS and START. When START button is clicked, every image acquired will be added to the NO OBJECT objects. Clicking instead the CONTINOUS button, the Smart-VS will switch working like when the triggered mode was not enabled.



NOTE: The GOOD, NO GOOD and NO OBJECT boxes can store up to 20 images. The GOOD and NO GOOD boxes must each have at least one image, while the NO OBJECT box has no minimum number of images. Consequently, either the GOOD box or the NO GOOD box can store a maximum of 19 images.



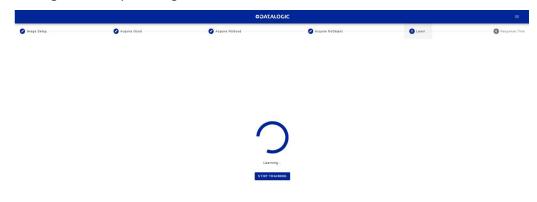


NOTE: Click on an acquired object in the NO OBJECT box and select DELETE to delete it.

Once completed the NO OBJECT acquisition (if needed), you can click the *Teach* button.

# Step 5: Learn

This step is completed automatically. If it takes too long, you can stop the procedure clicking on the *Stop training* button.



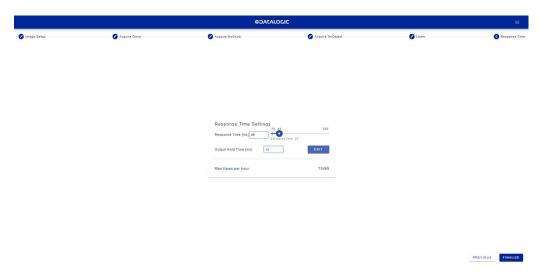
Once the device is trained, the Smart-VS WebApp switches to the Monitoring page.

# Step 6: Response Time

This step allows to change the response time of the job. The smart-VS calculates an estimate of the time needed to perform the classification which can be read in the "Estimated Time" label.



NOTE: The time set by the user can never be less than the time estimated by the device.

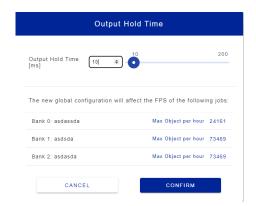


Acquiring at too high frequency can generate a blockage on the output line degrading the performance of the device. This means that the maximum acquisition frequency depends on two timings:

- Job Response Time: Resp\_T\_ms
- Output\_Hold\_Time: Out\_HT\_ms

The maximum number of objects that can be analyzed by the device is 3600 \* 1000 / max(Resp\_T\_ms, Out\_HT\_ms).

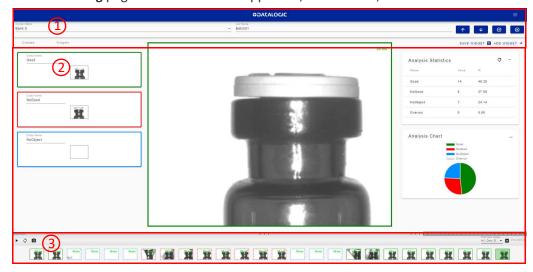
To achieve the maximum performance of the job in terms of speed, it may be necessary to modify the Output Hold Time by clicking on the EDIT button. Once pressed this window is displayed:



Since the output hold time is a global parameter used by all jobs, the smart-VS shows how the maximum number of objects that can be analyzed by each job present on the device changes as this parameter varies.

# **MONITORING**

The **Monitoring** page is divided into an upper bar, a main area, and a bottom bar.



AREA	DESCRIPTION
1	Upper bar (see "Upper Bar" on page 19)
2	Main area (see "Main area" on page 20)
3	Bottom bar (see "Bottom bar" on page 20)

# **Upper Bar**

The **upper bar** contains the job name to the left. Use the drop-down menu to switch to another job (if present).



NOTE: If you want the selected job to be the running and startup job, click on the *Play* button before leaving the page.

Next to the job name, the following icons are present:

ICON	DESCRIPTION
<b>↑</b>	<b>Upload job</b> : uploads a job from your PC (. s v s c f g file)
$\boxed{\hspace{1.5cm} \downarrow$	<b>Download job</b> : downloads the current job on your PC
$\boxed{ \ \oplus \ }$	Add new job: switches to the Training wizard to create a new job
<b>⊗</b>	Delete job: deletes current job
SAVE WIDGET	Save Widget: save current configuration of the widget
ADD WIDGET +	<b>Add Widget:</b> open a new windows to select the widget to be added and where

#### Main area

The main area includes:

- the statistics box to the left. This shows the statistics concerning the ongoing acquisitions. These are active by default, but can be changed or removed;
- the cropping area at the center;
- empty area at the right available for custom widget.

#### **Bottom bar**

The **bottom bar** displays an archive of acquisitions (filmstrip).



NOTE: When the device receives no trigger event, the Monitoring page only displays the statistics box to the right and a blank filmstrip.

To start acquiring objects, the following options are available:

ICON	DESCRIPTION
•	Save and Play with External Trigger
\$	Play with Self-Trigger
O	Single shot
Filter New Images All ▼	Show all images or a multiple selection of these categories: GOOD, NO GOOD, NO OBJECT and OVERRUN
	Download the filmstrip (refer to "Download the filmstrip" on page 21)

The *Play* button is also a *Save* button: click on it before leaving the page to store any change.



NOTE: The *Play with Self-Trigger* button is not an actual operating mode (output signals are not driven). It is only intended for demonstration purposes or preliminary checks in static condition.

Next to the *Play* icons, the acquisition results are displayed as green bars for GOOD objects, red bars for NO GOOD objects, blue bars for NO OBJECT and gray bars for OVER-RUN<sup>1</sup> occurrences.

Click on the *Pause* icon to stop acquisition and enable all available functions.

Dragging the gray box along the bottom bar displays the acquisitions included in that interval. You can now perform **Incremental Training**: click on an acquired image and select GOOD, NO GOOD or NO OBJECT to add it to the corresponding acquisition box. It is also possible to drag and drop acquired images to the GOOD / NO OBJECTS box or from one box to another.

After clicking on one of the *Play* icons, the newly added acquisitions will be used by the device in addition to those stored during the initial Teaching procedure.

<sup>1.</sup> Overrun occurrences are mostly due to a noisy trigger signal and/or a too fast sequence of trigger events (e.g. more than two events every 50 ms). Choose a proper Debounce filter time and/or adjust the line speed to have 20 pieces per second.

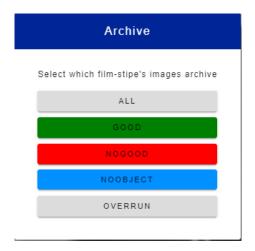
Furthermore, the Smart-VS WebApp allows image saving. Any image shown in the WebApp can be saved clicking on it and selecting *Save*.



NOTE: It is recommended to enable the browser option "Ask where to save each file before downloading".

# Download the filmstrip

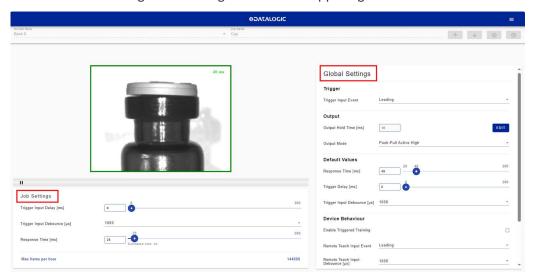
The download button opens a window where it is possible to choose which filmstripe download from the archive.



### I/O SETTINGS

This page contains Job Settings and Global Settings.

It can be reached using the hamburger icon on the upper right corner.



The parameters under <u>Job Settings</u> are variable for each job, which means that any change will only be valid for the current job:

- Trigger Input Delay: the delay to apply prior to the acquisition process of the trigger event. It is measured in time (ms). This parameter can be adjusted along with image acquisition: images are shown on the related window.
- Trigger Input Debounce: filter debounce time measured in μs.
- Response time: refer to "Step 6: Response Time" on page 18.

The parameters under <u>Global Settings</u> are common to all jobs, which means that any change will be valid for all jobs:

- **Trigger Input Event**: can be either Leading or Trailing.
- Output Hold Time: the time (ms) during which the output data remains valid.
- Output Mode: available selections are NPN, PNP, Push-Pull active High, Push-Pull active Low.
- **Response Time:** This is the default response time for new job. It is the one used for the job created following the Button Teaching Procedure, it is displayed and can be changed for the job created following the teaching though WebApp.
- **Trigger Delay:** This is the default trigger input delay for new job. It is the one used for the job created following the Button Teaching Procedure, it is displayed and can be changed for the job created following the teaching though WebApp.
- Trigger Input Debounce: This is the trigger input debounce time for new job. It is
  the one used for the job created following the Button Teaching Procedure, it is displayed and can be changed for the job created following the teaching though
  WebApp.
- **Enable triggered Training**: allows to enable triggered training for configurations made with the button.
- Remote Teach Input Event: available selections are Leading and Trailing.
- **Remote Teach Input Debounce**: filter debounce time measured in μs.
- Aiming System: available selections are Always ON, Always OFF, Calibration Only.
- Green/Red Spots: available selections are Calibration Only, Enabled, Disabled.
- X-Press Lock: when selected, the button teaching procedures are disabled.

# CHAPTER 2 INTRODUCTION

# PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Smart-VS Plus is a sensor with learning ability and easy to set, suitable for any presence and orientation object detection.

Smart-VS Plus can solve all the applications where a very simple installing procedure is requested without the need of particularly smart camera features.

Thanks to its algorithm technology, Smart-VS Plus is the ideal solution for application problems related to machine format adaptability and flexibility that a sensor or sensor system cannot solve as easily.

Smart-VS Plus has been developed for different uses in the secondary packaging and automotive industries, food and beverage applications for bottling, cosmetic packaging, and all those markets where the following detection applications are needed:





Cap orientation



Cap presence



Printing on label



#### **Excellent Performance**

- Electronic focus control
- 40 ... 400 mm operating distance
- Image Cropping for shorter acquisition time
- Algorithm for fast and simple application setup

## **Ease of Setup**

- Quick installation by using a user-friendly, sensor-like HMI for easy and intuitive setup
- LED pointers for aiming
- Fast mounting accessory
- Visual Feedback to verify exact code positioning in the Field of View and to maximize performance
- Easy-to-use Web Server GUI for maintenance and job setting
- User-defined database of Image Acquisitions

#### Ease of Use

- HMI interface LEDs provide operational and performance feedback
- Multi Image Acquisition Settings for higher flexibility
- Image saving and storage with buffering capability
- Diagnostic software tools

#### Flexible Solution

- Complete set of accessory mounting brackets and cables
- Ethernet point-to-point communication available
- Opto-coupled, polarity insensitive inputs
- PP, NPN or PNP short-circuit protected outputs

## **Industrial Strength**

- Industrial compact visual sensor
- Rugged metal construction
- Sealed circular M12 connectors
- IP65 and IP67 protection class
- 50 °C max operating temperature
- Supply voltage ranges from 10 to 30 Vdc

## **INDICATOR AND KEYPAD BUTTON**



Figure 6 - Indicators

The following LED indicators are located on the device:

PWR	blue LED indicates that the device is connected to the power	er supply (Figure 6, 1)
NET	yellow LED indicates connection to the on-board Ethern 6, 2)	et network (Figure

The colors and meaning of the five LEDs are illustrated in the following table:

×	NO GOOD	red LED only indicates a NO GOOD object. Red LED and Green LED indicate NO OBJECT. Blinking during Teaching (Figure 6, 3)
47		for future use (Figure 6, 4)
<u>-</u>	TRIGGER	yellow LED indicates trigger input status in Teach phase, and trigger received in Run phase (Figure 6, 5)
<u> </u>	GOOD	green LED only indicates a GOOD object. Green LED and Red LED indicate NO OBJECT. Blinking during Teaching (Figure 6, 6)
<b>○ △</b>	RUN	green LED indicates that the device is in Run phase. If blinking, it indicates that Teaching is required (Figure 6, 7)

During device startup (reset or restart phase), these five LEDs blink for one second.

## **AIMING SYSTEM**

There are two red LED pointers that project two equidistant square patterns onto the target area. The object feature to be detected should be centered between the two squares.



Figure 7 - Smart-VS Plus Aiming LEDs

## **LED SPOTS**

There are two LED spots that can be activated to project light onto the target area to indicate that a GOOD, NO GOOD or NO OBJECT case has been detected.

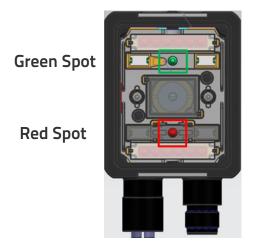


Figure 8 - Smart-VS Plus Good / No Good LED Spots

## **MODEL SELECTION AND ORDER INFORMATION**

Model	SMART-VS-PL-5-150-WH-0
Description	SVS PLUS DIG OUT
Optics	7 mm
Illuminator	White polarized
1/0	3 OUT + 2 IN + ETH
Order number	959970005

## **INTERNAL LIGHTING SYSTEM**

The Smart-VS Plus illuminator is composed of 4 white LEDs with polarized filter.



Figure 9 - Smart-VS Plus illuminator

## **ACCESSORIES**

The following accessories can be used with Smart-VS Plus.

Accessory	Order No.		
Cables			
CAB-GD03 M12-17P 3M power and I/O cable, isolated wires	95A900052		
CAB-GD05 M12-17P 5M power and I/O cable, isolated wires	95A900053		
M12-IP67 GIGA Ethernet Cable X-Coded (1M)	93A050122		
M12-IP67 GIGA Ethernet Cable X-Coded (3M)	93A050123		
M12-IP67 GIGA Ethernet Cable X-Coded (5M)	93A050124		
Adapter Cable GIGA Ethernet X-Coded M12 to RJ45	93A050128		
Adapter Cable GIGA Ethernet X-Coded to Ethernet D-Coded	93A050129		
Bracket			
BK-22-000 Fixing Bracket M220 Body	93ACC0230		

## **APPLICATION EXAMPLES**

Smart-VS Plus has been developed for different uses in the secondary packaging and automotive industries, food and beverage applications for bottling, cosmetic packaging, and all those markets where the following detection applications are needed:

Ар	plication	Solved cases (	OK / NOT OK)
Label presence	Label		
Cap orientation			
Cap presence			
Printing on label	155 0409 t 4	PRINT	

# **CHAPTER 3 INSTALLATION**

## **PACKAGE CONTENTS**

Verify that the Smart-VS Plus device and all the parts supplied with the equipment are present and intact when opening the packaging; the list of parts includes:

- Smart-VS Plus (w/connector plug/cover)
- Quick Reference Guide
- Mounting Kit
  - Mounting Screws (2)
  - Washers (2)
  - Mounting Bracket

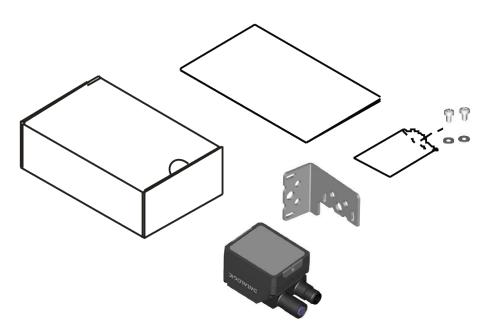


Figure 10 - Package Contents

The Ethernet sealing connector plug provides IP67 protection when Ethernet is not used.

## **MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS**

Smart-VS Plus can be installed to operate in different positions. The two screw holes (M3 x 4mm depth) on the body of the device are for mechanical fixture.

The diagrams below give the overall dimensions of the device and may be used for its installation.

Refer to page 31 for various mounting solutions and correct positioning.

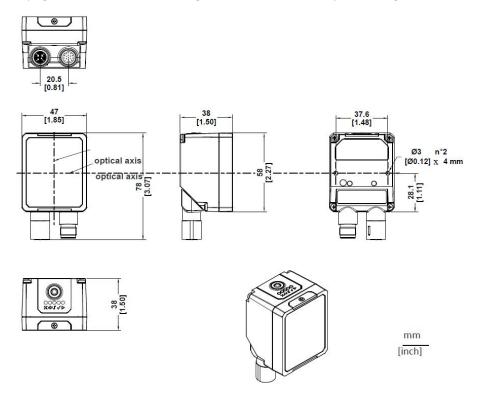


Figure 11 - Overall Dimensions; Connector at 0

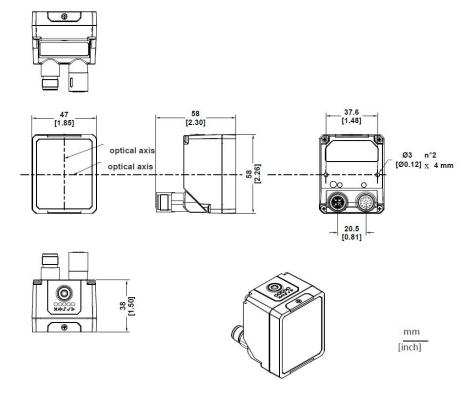


Figure 12 - Overall Dimensions; Connector at 90°

## **MOUNTING AND POSITIONING SMART-VS PLUS**

Using the Smart-VS Plus mounting brackets you can obtain rotation on the various axes of the device as shown in the diagram below:



Figure 13 - Positioning with Mounting Bracket

## **CHAPTER 4 ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS**

Smart-VS Plus can be connected through one of the available CAB-GDxx accessory cables.

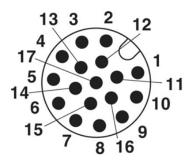


Figure 14 - M12 17-pin Power and I/O Connector

The recommended cables 95A900052 and 95A900053 (refer to "Accessories" on page 27) terminate in an M12 17-pin connector on the Smart-VS Plus side and 9 stripped wires on the other side. These wires have the following functionalities:

POWER AND I/O CONNECTOR PINOUT (cables with 9 stripped wires)			
PIN	NAME	COLOR	DESCRIPTION
1	Vdc	Brown	Power supply input voltage +
2	GND	Blue	Power supply input voltage -
Connector case	Chassis		Connector case provides electrical connection to chassis
6	I1A	Yellow	I1A Trigger Input A (polarity insensitive)
5	I1B	Pink	I1B Trigger Input B (polarity insensitive)
13	I2A	Green	I2A Remote Teach A (polarity insensitive)
3	I2B	White	I2B Remote Teach B (polarity insensitive)
9	01	Red	Data Valid PP
8	02	Gray	GOOD Output PP
16	03	Black	NO GOOD Output PP



WARNING: For proper installation, it is recommended to trim out all unused wires.

Previous Smart-VS Plus versions use CAB-GDxx cables that terminate in an M12 17-pin connector on the Smart-VS Plus side and 17 stripped wires on the other side. These wires have the following functionalities:

POWER AND I/O CONNECTOR PINOUT (cables with 17 stripped wires)			
PIN	NAME	COLOR	DESCRIPTION
1	Vdc	Brown	Power supply input voltage +
2	GND	Blue	Power supply input voltage -
Connector case	Chassis		Connector case provides electrical connection to chassis
6	I1A	Yellow	I1A Trigger Input A (polarity insensitive)
5	I1B	Pink	I1B Trigger Input B (polarity insensitive)
13	I2A	White/Green	I2A Remote Teach A (polarity insensitive)
3	I2B	White	I2B Remote Teach B (polarity insensitive)
9	01	Red	Data Valid PP
8	02	Gray	GOOD Output PP
16	03	Yellow/Brown	NO GOOD Output PP



WARNING: For proper installation, it is recommended to trim out all unused wires.

### **POWER SUPPLY**

The power must be between 10 and 30 Vdc only.



NOTE: Each time the Smart-VS Plus is powered on, the electronic focus motor system does extra work for system checking and setup. It is recommended to limit power cycles to a few times per day.

#### **INPUTS**

There are two optocoupled polarity insensitive inputs available on the reader: Input 1 (External Trigger) and Input 2 (Remote Button).

The External Trigger is necessary to start acquiring and processing images.

The Remote Button installation is recommended in cases where the device is not accessible and, in general, to have easier access to the Teaching function.

The electrical features of both inputs are:

 $V_{AB} = 30 \text{ Vdc max}.$ 

 $I_{IN}$  = 10 mA max.

The active state of these inputs are selected in software.

An anti-disturbance filter, by default, is implemented in software on both inputs. The value can be changed through the software parameter Debounce Filter. See "I/O Settings" on page 22 or refer to the Settings section of the Smart-VS WebApp User's Guide for further details on these parameters.

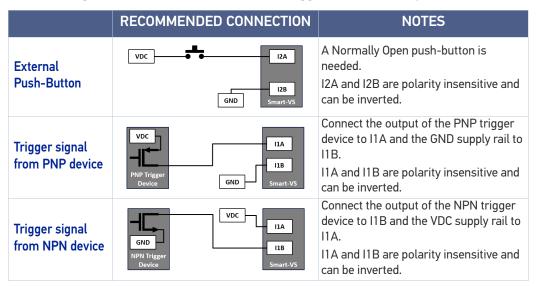
These inputs are optocoupled and can be driven by both NPN and PNP type commands.



NOTE: Polarity insensitive inputs assure full functionality even if pins A and B are exchanged.

## Trigger and external push-button connection

The following table shows how to connect the Trigger and Remote inputs.



### **OUTPUTS**

The three outputs can be configured as NPN, PNP, and Push-Pull (default setting). They are short-circuit protected and the maximum load is 100 mA.

Output 2 and Output 3 serve as GOOD, NO GOOD and NO OBJECT object signals. By default, they stay active for 10 ms.

Output 1 serves as Data Valid signal. It is activated 1 ms after the GOOD, NO GOOD and NO OBJECT object signal activation, and deactivated 1 ms before the GOOD, NO GOOD and NO OBJECT object signal deactivation.

The output activation length can be set via Smart-VS WebApp on the Settings page.

## Digital I/O diagram

Image acquisition starts on the Leading edge of the input trigger signal (default, can be changed to Trailing edge via Smart-VS WebApp).

A Debounce time can be set on the Smart-VS WebApp to reject noisy trigger signals. Each trigger event corresponds to a Data Valid signal indicating that the Output signals can be sampled.

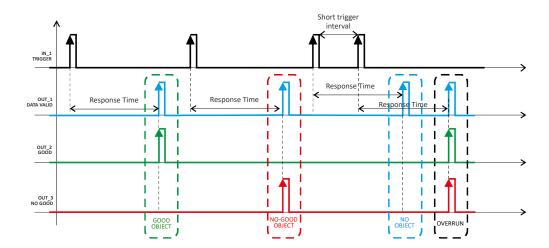
The inspection result, i.e. a GOOD or NO GOOD object detected, is always available after the response time defined during the Teach phase.

If a Debounce time greater than zero has been set, the device response time is 50 ms plus the trigger Debounce time.

Overrun conditions (see "Troubleshooting" on page 45) are signaled raising both the GOOD and NO GOOD output signals.

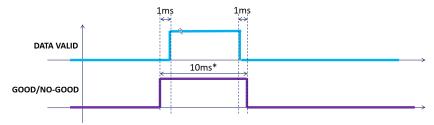


NOTE: Although not strictly necessary, it is recommended to connect and process all the output signals in order to have complete system information for diagnostics and troubleshooting.



## Data Valid timing details

The Data Valid signal is raised 1 ms after the response signal is raised. It is lowered 1 ms before the response signal is lowered.



\*default, adjustable via Smart-VS WebApp

## **ON-BOARD ETHERNET INTERFACE**

The on-board Ethernet Interface can be used for WebApp access and Telnet communication.

The WebApp is accessible opening an Internet browser (Google Chrome is recommended) and entering the device IP address 192.168.3.100 in the address bar.

Telnet communication can be established by connecting to device IP at port 23.

A CAB-ETH-X-M0x cable can be used to connect to a host device.



NOTE: Point-to-point connection is highly recommended.

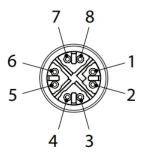


Figure 15 - M12 8-pin Standard Ethernet Network Connector

STANDARD ETHERNET NETWORK CONNECTOR PINOUT				
PIN	NAME	DESCRIPTION		
1	TX+	Transmit data (positive pin)		
2	TX-	Transmit data (negative pin)		
3	RX+	Receive data (positive pin)		
4	RX-	Receive data (negative pin)		
5	nc	Not connected		
6	nc	Not connected		
7	nc	Not connected		
8	nc	Not connected		

## CHAPTER 5 TYPICAL LAYOUTS

The following typical layouts refer to system <u>hardware configurations</u>. Dotted lines in the figures refer to optional hardware configurations within the particular layout.



NOTE: All software configurations are made through the Smart-VS WebApp, which connects to the reader through the on-board Ethernet interface.

## **SENSOR-LIKE SETUP**

The Smart-VS Plus is connected directly to the machine control system.

An optional push-button is recommended if Teaching is frequently performed for product batch changes or if the device is not easily accessible.

A presence sensor or the machine electrical phase is necessary to trigger image acquisition.

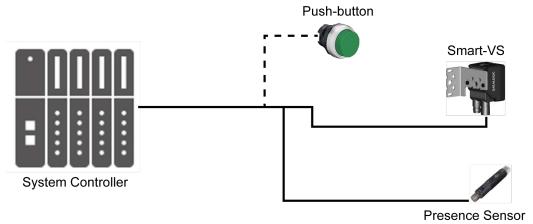


Figure 16 - Sensor-like Setup

## WEBAPP FOR INITIAL CONFIGURATION AND OCCASIONAL **MONITORING**

In addition to the previous setup, a PC can be connected via Ethernet for initial configuration and occasional monitoring.

A point-to-point Ethernet connection is recommended.

A presence sensor or the machine electrical phase is necessary to trigger image acquisition.

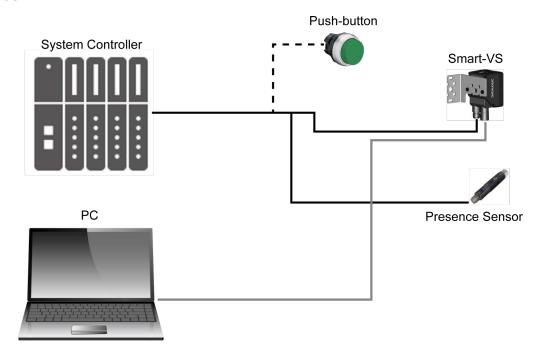


Figure 17 - WebApp Setup

## SETUP WITH TELNET COMMUNICATION FOR JOB SWITCHING

If more than one Job is needed, Job switching can be done via Telnet communication.

An Ethernet switch can be used to ease the connection, but a dedicated LAN is still recommended, since the Smart-VS Plus is configured with a fixed IP address.

A presence sensor or the machine electrical phase is necessary to trigger image acquisition.

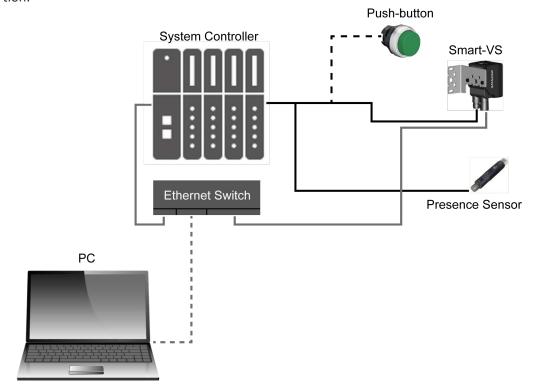


Figure 18 - Telnet Setup

For more information on Job switching via Telnet, refer to "Job Switching via Telnet Communication" on page 43.

## **CHAPTER 6 READING FEATURES**

### **FOV CALCULATION**

Use the data in the following table to calculate the FOV for your application, referring to Figure 19 and the formula below.

$d_0$	View Angle	View Angle	View Angle	Min Reading
	Horizontal	Vertical	Diagonal	Distance
11 mm	19°	14.5°	24°	40 mm

The viewing angle has a tolerance of  $\pm$  1° depending on the reading distance.

FOVx = 2 [ (d + d0) \* tan (
$$\alpha_x/2$$
) ]

where:

**FOV**<sub>x</sub> = horizontal, vertical or diagonal FOV

 $\alpha_x$  = horizontal, vertical or diagonal viewing angles.

**d** = reading distance (in mm) from window surface to code surface

 $d_0$  = offset (in mm) from center of lens to external window surface

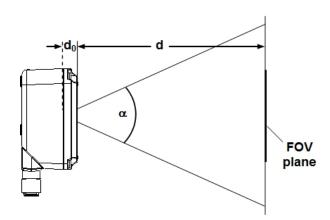


Figure 19 - Reading Distance References

#### Example

The FOV at a reading distance of 100 mm is:

 $FOV_H$  = 2 [(100 mm + 11 mm) \* tan (19°/2)]  $\cong$  **37 mm** 

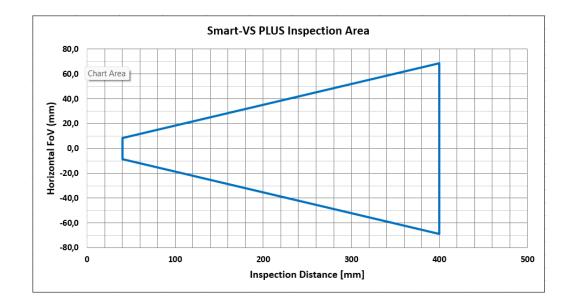
 $FOV_V = 2 [(100 \text{ mm} + 11 \text{ mm}) * tan (14.5°/2)] \cong 28 \text{ mm}$ 

## **DETECTION DIAGRAM**

The following diagram shows the maximum obtainable Field of View for object inspection.



NOTE: All features of interest related to the object inspection should be included in the Field of View.



## **CHAPTER 7 MULTI JOB CONFIGURATION**

The Smart-VS Plus can manage Multi Job operations. This feature is useful when different object batches must be inspected within a single machine.

Up to 32 Jobs can be stored in the device internal memory.

Job switching can be performed either via Smart-VS WebApp or Telnet communication.

## JOB SWITCHING VIA SMART-VS WEBAPP

To recall a Job in the Smart-VS WebApp, go to the Monitoring page and select the Job ID from the Current Job list.



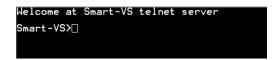
Confirm the running Job by clicking on the Save and Play button before leaving the page. This will also be the Job loaded at the next system startup.



## JOB SWITCHING VIA TELNET COMMUNICATION

Jobs can also be recalled via Ethernet connection using a Telnet communication. Open a TCP/IP Telnet session using a Telnet client with the following parameters:

- IP: Device IP Address (default 192.168.3.100)
- Port: 23



The following commands are available to switch Jobs and retrieve information on the running Job:

Command <sup>a</sup>	job load <b><bank#></bank#></b> #CR
Description	Load a bank (0 to 31). Changes will be applied to the next system startup.
Example	job load 6#CR
Output message	<pre>job load <bank#>#cr#LFDONE;#LF#CR#LFSmart-VS&gt; or</bank#></pre>
	<pre>job load <bank#>#CR#LFFAIL; Failed to get status, already in configuration#LF#CR#CR#LFSmart-VS&gt;</bank#></pre>

Command <sup>a</sup>	job status#CR	
Description	Retrieve information on the current bank.	
Example	job status#CR	
Output message	<pre>current loaded bank:#cr#LF<bank#>;#LF#CR#CR#LFSmart-VS&gt;</bank#></pre>	
	current startup bank: #CR#LF <b><bank#></bank#></b> #LF#CR#LFSmart-VS>	

a. All commands must end with #CR (carriage return, byte dec value = 13)



NOTE: If the command string is sent through a pre-allocated array larger than the string itself, the unused portion of the array must be initialized to ØØ (bytes) i.e. the [NULL] character.

## CHAPTER 8 MAINTENANCE

## **CLEANING**

Clean the lens cover periodically for continued correct operation of the device. See "General View" on page xii.

Dust, dirt, etc. on the lens cover may alter the device performance.

Repeat the operation frequently in particularly dirty environments.

Use soft material and alcohol to clean the lens cover and avoid any abrasive substances.

# CHAPTER 9 TROUBLESHOOTING

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE			
PROBLEM	SUGGESTION		
Overrun	Overrun occurrences are mostly due to a noisy trigger signal and/or a too fast sequence of trigger events (e.g. more than two events every 50 ms).  Choose a proper Debounce filter time and/or adjust the line speed to		
	<ul> <li>have 20 pieces per second.</li> <li>In case of PNP signal, check that one of the two trigger inputs (I1A or I1B) is connected to the signal coming from the sensor (or PLC) and the other input is connected to 0Vdc.</li> </ul>		
The Trigger LED does not light up when the object passes in front of the sensor	• In case of NPN signal, check that one of the two trigger inputs (I1A or I1B) is connected to the signal coming from the sensor (or PLC) and the other input is connected to +Vdc.		
	Check that the trigger sensor switches regularly when the object passes through.		
	<ul> <li>Check that the Trigger Debounce is not set too high.</li> <li>In case of PNP signal, check that one of the two Remote inputs (I2A or I2B) is connected to the signal coming from the button (or PLC) and the other input is connected to 0Vdc.</li> </ul>		
The Remote input signal does not start the Teaching procedure	• In case of NPN signal, check that one of the two Remote inputs (I2A or I2B) is connected to the signal coming from the button (or PLC) and the other input is connected to +Vdc.		
	Check the correct operation of the button using a multimeter.		
	<ul> <li>Check that the Button Debounce is not set too high.</li> <li>Check that the GOOD object and NO GOOD object LEDs light up correctly.</li> </ul>		
The PLC does not receive GOOD or NO GOOD signals from the Smart-VS sensor	• If the PLC requires a PNP signal, check that the Smart-VS outputs are set as Push-Pull or PNP.		
	• If the PLC requires a NPN signal, check that the Smart-VS outputs are set as Push-Pull or NPN.		
The Power On LED is off	<ul> <li>Check that Pin 1 (brown wire) is connected to +Vdc and Pin 2 (blue wire) is connected to 0Vdc.</li> </ul>		
THE FOWER OIL ELD IS OIL	• Use a multimeter to check that the power supply voltage is 10 to 30 Vdc (see "Technical Features" on page 47).		

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE		
PROBLEM	SUGGESTION	
All HMI LEDs blink on power-up	This may occur after a software update that broke compatibility with the previous version.	
	• Keep using latest software update (delete stored jobs): access the WebApp and clear all configurations using the <i>Clear Configurations</i> button on the <i>Utilities</i> page.	
	Discard latest software update (do not delete stored jobs): perform a rollback procedure via HMI (see "Firmware Rollback and Reset Configurations (optional)" on page 6).	
All HMI LEDs are off	This may occur after a software downgrade that compromise compatibility of the saved data.	
	Reset the configurations.	
	If the issue occurs:	
	Perform a new rollback.	

# APPENDIX A TECHNICAL FEATURES

ELECTRICAL FEATURES		
Power		
Supply Voltage	10 to 30 Vdc	
Consumption 0.40 - 0.14 A (4.2 W) max		
Communication Interfaces		
Ethernet (embedded) <sup>a</sup>	10/100 Mbit/s	
Inputs	Opto-coupled and polarity insensitive	
Max. Voltage	30 Vdc	
Max. Input Current	10 mA	
Outputs	PP, NPN or PNP short circuit protected;	
Max. Output Voltage Drop	3V	
V <sub>OUT</sub> HIGH (Max. / Min.)	$V_{supply} / V_{supply} - 3V$	
V <sub>OUT</sub> LOW (Max. / Min.)	3V / 0V	
I <sub>LOAD</sub> Max.	100 mA	

a. The embedded Ethernet interface is intended for configuration only through connection to the device IP address 192.168.3.100. Point-to-Point connection is recommended.

OPTICAL FEATURES		
Operating Distance         40 - 200 mm (with SW 1.3 and 1.4)           40 - 400 mm (with SW 1.5 or later)		
View Angle 19°		

ENVIRONMENTAL FEATURES		
Operating Temperature <sup>a</sup>	0 to 50 °C (32 to 122 °F)	
Storage Temperature	-20 to 70 °C (-4 to 158 °F)	
Max. Humidity	90% non condensing	
Vibration Resistance EN 60068-2-6	14 mm @ 2 to 10 Hz; 1.5 mm @ 13 to 55 Hz; 2 g @ 70 to 500 Hz; 2 hours on each axis	
Shock Resistance EN 60068-2-27	30g; 11 ms; 3 shocks on each axis	
Protection Class <sup>b</sup> EN 60529	IP65 and IP67	

- a. high ambient temperature applications should use metal mounting bracket for heat dissipation.
- b. when correctly connected (fully tightened) to IP67 cables with seals.

PHYSICAL FEATURES		
Dimensions	HxWxL	
Smart-VS with connector at 0°	78 x 47 x 38 mm (3.1 x 1.9 x 1.5 in)	
Smart-VS with connector at 90°	58 x 47 x 58 mm (2.3 x 1.9 x 2.3 in)	
Weight	173 g (6.1 oz)	
Material	Aluminum with PMMA protective window cover	

## APPENDIX B TCP/IP COMMUNICATION

## **CONNECTION**

The TCP/IP communication requires that a connection be initiated between the two devices. The Smart-VS (server) is listening on port 1023 and the PLC or PC (clients), must send a connection request to establish communication. When the communication is established, commands can be sent to the device.

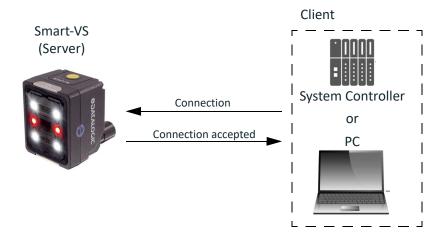


Figure 20: Connection to device

### PROTOCOL OVERVIEW

The client sends a command to the Smart-VS and receives a reply with the result. The Smart-VS (server) is able to process only one command at a time. There are two types of commands:

- 1. Device control commands
- 2. Commands for Upload and Download of binary files

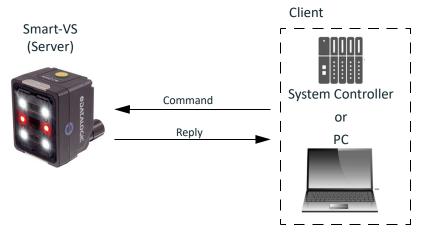


Figure 21: Example of communication

## Description of available features

There are two macro-groups of features:

- 1. Synchronous features: begins features that require short execution times. The result will be available directly in the reply.
- Asynchronous features: begins features that take long execution times. The result
  must be requested once the completion of the task has been verified. In the event
  that the task is immediately finalized without previously verifying that the status
  has ended, the call will be blocked and the reply will be sent at the end of the task
  execution.

### Use of synchronous features

When a synchronous feature is performed, the reply is sent at the end of the execution. See example in the figure.

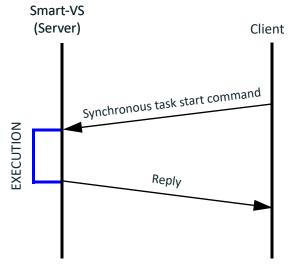


Figure 22: Example of using a synchronous feature

If the feature requires results to be sent, they will be contained in the reply.

## Use of asynchronous features

An asynchronous feature must be started with the appropriate command. It will not be possible to run multiple asynchronous features at the same time. During the execution of the asynchronous feature, the device can be queried about the status of the activity. Once the activity is terminated, it will be possible for the client to request the finalization of the task, if provided, the finalization command will also contain the reply. It will not be possible to start another asynchronous task if the previously executed task is not terminated first.

#### Scenario 1

The client queries the device on the status of the task and, once the completion is verified, finalizes the task.

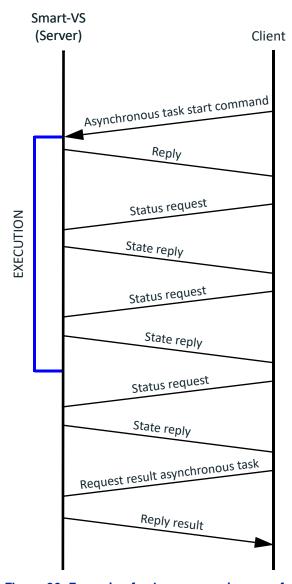


Figure 23: Example of using an asynchronous feature

#### Scenario 2

The client starts the task and immediately asks for its finalization. The reply will be sent at the end of the task.

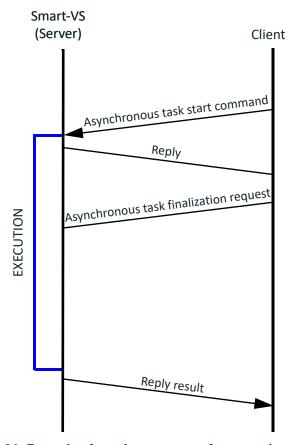


Figure 24: Example of synchronous use of an asynchronous feature

## **Delimiters and separator**

The grammar of the protocol provides a character used as a separator (S) of the fields within the message and a two-character sequence used as a delimiter (D) of the message.

	CHARACTER\S	DECIMAL VALUE	HEX VALUE
Separator	;	59	0x3B
Delimiter	<cr><lf></lf></cr>	13 10	0x0D 0x0A

## **DEVICE CONTROL COMMANDS**

These commands allow to remotely control some features of the device. They are encoded in ASCII with a defined grammar.

#### **Command format**



Figure 25: Control command frame structure

- Command → encoding containing the command.
- S → separator.
- Parameter 1-N $\rightarrow$  command parameter list. The number of parameters is variable.
- D → Delimiter.

Example of command with one parameter:

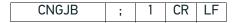


Figure 26: Example using command with one parameter

Example of command without parameter:



Figure 27: Example of using a command without parameters

## Reply format

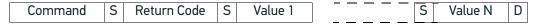


Figure 28: Control command reply frame structure

- Command → command to which the reply is related.
- Return Code → contains the result of the command, a code that identifies
  whether the command was accepted or not, and identifies the type of error (See
  Tabella 2 on page 55).
- $S \rightarrow$  separator.
- Value 1-N → return values of the command. It depends on the type of command.
- D → Delimiter

Positive reply example with return values:

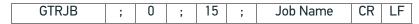


Figure 29: Example of reply to a successful command with return values

Positive reply example with no return values:

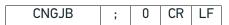


Figure 30: Positive reply example with no return values

Example of a negative reply:

CNGJB ; 1 CR LF

Figure 31: Example of a reply to a failed command

## List of available device control functions

COMMAND	FUNCTION	PARAMETER	TYPE
CRTJB	Create a new job	Bank number to be configured, name to be assigned to the job	asynchronous
MDFJB	Modify a job	Bank number to be changed	synchronous
EXTJB	Exit the configuration without saving		synchronous
TRNJB	Train job		asynchronous
CNGJB	Change job	Bank number to load	synchronous
BNKST	Bank Status		synchronous
GTRJB	Current Bank	See here	synchronous
GTDVCS	Device Status		synchronous
ACQIMG	Reference image acquisition	Class of the image	synchronous
CLRBNK	Clear Bank	Bank number	synchronous
CLRJBS	Clear Jobs		synchronous
GTATS	Get Async Task Status		synchronous
FNZJB	Finalize Job creation		synchronous
FNZTRN	Finalize Train		synchronous

Table 1: Device control command list

### **Return codes**

The return code is contained in all replies as a parameter following the name of the command to which the reply is related. The return code allows to understand if the command was successful or rejected.

CODE	NAME	DESCRIPTION
0	Success	The command was successful
1	NotInSession	The device is running and the command cannot be executed
2	Failed	Generic command failure
3	-	(Reserved)
4	NotInJobEditing	The creation or modification of a job has not been started
5	-	(Reserved)
6	OtherInProgress	Another asynchronous task is in progress or an asynchronous task has not been finalized, therefore it is not possible to start a new one
7	-	(Reserved)
8	InvalidInput	Invalid input
9	-	(Reserved)
10	AlreadyInConfigura- tion	A configuration has already been started, it is not possible to start a new one before closing the previous one
11	MaxNumber0flmage	Maximum number of images reached
12	NotInProgress	No asynchronous tasks running
13	ProtocolError	Syntax error in the protocol
14	UnknownMethod	Call unavailable (call name error)
99	NotRelevant	Parameter not relevant

Table 2: List of possible return codes in reply

## **BankStatus**

The BankStatus is contained in many replies and allows you to understand the status of a bank.

VALUE	NAME	DESCRIPTION
0	Empty	Empty
1	Available	Full
2	HasWarning	It is necessary to connect to the Web Page to check possible alarms relating to the bank
3	NotAvailable	The bank requires to be retrained
4	Emergency	The device memory is corrupted. It is necessary to connect to the Web Page to restore full operation of the device
128	NotRelevant	Parameter not relevant

Table 3: List of possible Bank Status values in reply

#### CRTJB (CReaTeJoB)

Allows you to start a configuration session. The device switches from the "Running" state to the "Configuration" state. By sending the command, the auto-setup of the photometric parameters and the focus distance is automatically done based on the object positioned in front of the device. The auto-setup procedure requires the object to be statically positioned in front of the sensor.

#### Syntax:

#### CRTJB;BankId;JobName<CR><LF>

#### Possible return codes:

- Success → command successful.
- InvalidInput → the specified bank is out of the range (0-31) or the name is empty.
- AlreadyInConfiguration → the device is already in configuration, it is not possible
  to start a new one. Finalize the previous configuration by completing it or exiting
  without saving.
- NotInSession → it is not possible to start a new configuration because a configuration is already started by another client (i.e. webApp or HMI Button)
- OtherInProgress → another asynchronous task is in progress. This task cannot be started. Finalize the previously started task.
- Failed  $\rightarrow$  generic Failure in the procedure. Exit without save and start a new procedure.



CAUTION: To return to the "Running" state, you need to perform one of the following operations:

- Complete the job creation procedure
- Interrupt the procedure by exiting with the appropriate command
- Close the client connection with the device

#### MDFJB (MoDiFyJoB)

It allows to add images to a previously configured job thus using the device's incremental training functionality. The device switches from the "Running" state to the "Configuration" state.

#### Syntax:

#### MDFJB;BankId<CR><LF>

BankId: Bank number on which to create the new job (may not be the current bank).

#### Reply:

#### MDFJB;ReturnCode <CR><LF>

#### Possible return codes:

- Success → command successful.
- InvalidInput → the specified bank is out of the range (0-31) or no editable jobs are saved in the specified bank.
- AlreadyInConfiguration → the device is already in configuration, it is not possible
  to start a new one. Finalize the previous configuration by completing it or exiting
  without saving.
- NotInSession → it is not possible to start a new configuration because a configuration is already started by another client (i.e. webApp or HMI Button)
- Failed → the device is already in the configuration state (HMI, WebApp).



CAUTION: To return to the "Running" state, you need to perform one of the following operations:

- Complete the job creation procedure
- Interrupt the procedure by exiting with the appropriate command
- Close the client connection with the device

#### EXTJB (EXITJoB)

It allows to exit without saving an editing session\job creation.

Syntax:

#### EXTJB<CR><LF>

Reply:

#### EXTJB;ReturnCode<CR><LF>

#### Possible return codes:

- Success → command successful.
- NotInSession 

  the command was called without a configuration session being started (the device is in running state).
- NotInJobEditing → the device is in configuration but no job is being edited / created.

#### TRNJB (TRaiNJoB)

Allows to start training the job being edited / created. The command is successful only if all the necessary reference image acquisitions have been made. The job is automatically trained.

Syntax:

#### TRNJB<CR><LF>

Reply:

#### TRNJB;ReturnCode<CR><LF>

#### Possible return codes:

- Success → command successful.
- NotInSession → the command was called without a configuration session being started (the device is in running state).
- NotInJobEditing → the device is in configuration but no job is being edited / created.
- OtherInProgress → another asynchronous task is in progress and therefore it is not possible to launch the training. Finalize the previous task and start the training.

#### CNGJB (ChaNGeJoB)

Allows to change the job in progress.

Syntax:

#### CNGJB;BankId<CR><LF>

BankId: Bank number to be used.

Reply:

#### CNGJB;ReturnCode;BankStatus;JobName <CR><LF>

JobName: Name of the job contained (Empty Bank in the case of an empty bank).

#### Possible return codes:

- Success → command successful.
- InvalidInput → the specified bank is out of the range (0-31) or no jobs are saved in the specified bank.
- AlreadyInConfiguration → the device is in configuration, it is not possible to change the bank. Finalize the previous configuration by completing it or exiting without saving.
- NotInSession → it is not possible to start a new configuration because a configuration is already started by another client (i.e. webApp or HMI Button)
- Failed → generic Failure in the procedure.

#### BNKST (BaNKSTatus)

It allows to check if a bank contains a job or not. The reply also contains the job name.

Syntax:

#### BNKST;BankId<CR><LF>

BankId: Number of the bank to be checked.

Reply:

#### BNKST;ReturnCode;BankStatus;JobName<CR><LF>

BankStatus: bank status.

JobName: Name of the job contained (Empty Bank in the case of an empty bank).

#### Possible return codes:

- Success → command successful.
- Failed  $\rightarrow$  the device is in a job editing session. It is not possible to check the bank status. Finalize the session tasks (if any) by completing it or exiting without saving.
- InvalidInput  $\rightarrow$  the specified bank is out of the range (0-31).

#### GTRJB (GeTRunningJoB)

Allows to check which job is loaded as the currently running job.

Syntax:

GTRJB<CR><LF>

Reply:

#### GTRJB;ReturnCode;BankId;BankStatus;JobName<CR><LF>

BankId: Bank number currently loaded.

JobName: name of the job present in the bank (Empty Bank in the case of an empty bank).

#### Possible return codes:

• Success → command successful.

#### GTDVCS (GeTDeViCeStatus)

It allows to check if the device is in the job execution or paused status.

Syntax:

GTDVCS<CR><LF>

Reply:

#### GTDVCS;ReturnCode;DeviceStatus<CR><LF>

#### DeviceStatus:

CODE	DEVICE STATUS	
0	Running	
1	Pause (the pause status is controlled by the device that carried out the command)	
2	Pause (the pause status is controlled by another device)	

#### Possible return codes:

Success → command successful.

#### ACQIMG (ACQuireIMaGe)

It allows acquiring an image that will be saved among the reference images of the specified class within the job being edited/created.

#### Syntax:

#### ACQIMG;LabelID<CR><LF>

LabelID: index of the label to be assigned to the acquired image.

INDEX	LABEL
0	GOOD
1	NO GOOD
2	NO OBJECT

#### Reply:

#### ACQIMG; ReturnCode < CR > < LF >

#### Possible return codes:

- Success → command successful.
- NotInSession → the command was called without a configuration session being started (the device is in running state).
- NotInJobEditing →the device is in configuration but no job is being edited/created.
- InvalidInput → the index of the indicated label cannot be used (index> 1).
- MaxNumberOfImage → the image cannot be acquired because the maximum number of images that can be captured has been reached (per class or for the entire job).

#### **CLRBNK (CLeaRBaNK)**

Cancel the job on the bank indicated by the parameter.

#### Syntax:

#### CLRBNK;BankId<CR><LF>

BankId: Bank number on which to cancel the job (may not be the current bank). Reply:

#### CLRBNK;ReturnCode<CR><LF>

#### Possible return codes:

- Success → command successful.
- AlreadyInConfiguration → the command was called while creating\editing a job (through any interface).
- InvalidInput  $\rightarrow$  the bank number to be configured is invalid (bankId > 31).
- Failed → the specified bank does not contain any jobs.

#### CLRJBS (CLeaRJoBS)

Delete all jobs on the device.

Syntax:

#### CLRJBS<CR><LF>

Reply:

#### CLRJBS;ReturnCode<CR><LF>

#### Possible return codes:

- Success → command successful.
- AlreadyInConfiguration → the command was called while creating\editing a job (through any interface).

## GTATS (GeTAsyncTaskStatus)

Query the device about the status and type of asynchronous task in progress.

Syntax:

GTATS<CR><LF>

Reply:

#### GTATS;ReturnCode;AsyncTaskType;AsyncTaskStatus<CR><LF>

AsyncTaskType: identification code of the asynchronous task.

CODE	ASYNCHRONOUS TASK TYPE
0	Creating a new job
1	Job training
2	Creation of binary file containing a job
3	Creation of binary file containing device backup
4	Saving a file on the internal memory
99	Not relevant

AsyncTaskStatus: status of the asynchronous task.

CODE	ASYNCHRONOUS TASK STATUS
0	Task in progress
1	Task finished
99	Not relevant

#### Possible return codes:

- Success → command successful.
- NotInProgress  $\rightarrow$  no asynchronous tasks have been started.

## FNZJB (FiNaliZeJoB)

Finalize the asynchronous command to create a new job ("CRTJB (CReaTeJoB)" on page 56).

Syntax:

FNZJB<CR><LF>

Reply:

FNZJB;ReturnCode <CR><LF>

#### Possible return codes:

- Success → command successful.
- NotInProgress  $\rightarrow$  no asynchronous tasks in progress.
- OtherInProgress → another asynchronous task is in progress.
- Failed → the asynchronous task did not finish successfully.

## FNZTRN (FiNaliZeTRaiNing)

Finalize the asynchronous job training command and actually save the job in flash ("TRNJB (TRaiNJoB)" on page 57).

Syntax:

#### FNZTRN<CR><LF>

Reply:

#### FNZTRN;ReturnCode;BankStatus;JobName <CR><LF>

JobName: Name of the job contained (Empty Bank in the case of an empty bank).

#### Possible return codes:

- Success → command successful.
- NotInProgress → no asynchronous tasks in progress.
- OtherInProgress → another asynchronous task is in progress.
- Failed → the asynchronous task did not finish successfully.

## Example of creating a new job

Below is the list of operations to be performed to create a new job via a remote client:

- 1. Connect to the device.
- 2. Place the **GOOD** object in front of the Smart-VS.
- 3. Send the **CRTJB** command specifying the bank on which the job is to be saved and the name to be assigned to the job. The device will start the focusing procedure and the adjustment of the photometric parameters.
- 4. Wait for the completion of the image auto-setup operation.
- 5. Finalize the image auto-setup with the **FNZJB** command.
- 6. Send the **ACQIMG** command specifying the label to be assigned to the object.
- 7. Place the **NO-GOOD** object in front of the Smart-VS.
- 8. Send the **ACQIMG** command specifying the label to be assigned to the object.
- 9. Send the **TRNJB** command. The device will train.
- 10. Wait for the training to finish.
- 11. Finalize the training through the **FNZTRN** command, thus saving the job on the device.



NOTE: When a TCP/IP protocol job is created, the sum of the images of the three classes must always be less than or equal to 20 and there must always be one image in two of the three classes. Unlike programming via WebApp, the first or second class can be without images.

# Example of incremental training

Below is the list of operations to be carried out to modify a job by adding additional images via a remote client:

- 1. Connect to the device.
- 2. Place the **GOOD** or **NO-GOOD** object in front of the Smart-VS.
- 3. Send the MDFJB command specifying the bank containing the job to be modified.

- 4. Send the **ACQIMG** command specifying the label to be assigned to the object.
- 5. Send the **TRNJB** command. The device performs a training.
- 6. Wait for the end of the training.
- 7. Finalize the training through the **FNZTRN** command, thus saving the job on the device.

## BINARY FILE UPLOAD AND DOWNLOAD COMMANDS

These commands allow to upload and download binary files from the device and check the status of the procedures. They are divided into two types of commands:

- 1. Upload and download.
- 2. Procedure control.

More generally, the upload and download of the file are carried out through an exchange area, of variable size, which can contain only one file. Each time a command to create a binary file or upload a binary file is executed, the exchange area is overwritten.



NOTE: The binary files are encoded by the protocol in Base64 with padding.

## **Upload command format**

The upload command remains encoded in ASCII.



- Command → encoding containing the command.
- Separator → standard protocol separator (see "Delimiters and separator" on page 52).
- Binary File → base64 encoded binary file.
- Delimitatore → standard protocol delimiter (see "Delimiters and separator" on page 52).

# Upload reply format

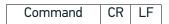
The reply is in ASCII format.

Command	;	Return Code	CR	LF

- Command → command to which the reply is related.
- Separator → standard protocol separator (see "Delimiters and separator" on page 52).
- Return Code → it contains the result of the command, a code that identifies whether the command has been accepted or not, and possibly the type of error.
- Delimiter → standard protocol delimiter (see "Delimiters and separator" on page 52).

## Download command format

The download command remains encoded in ASCII.



- Command → encoding containing the command.
- Delimiter → standard protocol delimiter (see "Delimiters and separator" on page 52).

# **Download reply format**

The reply remains encoded in ASCII.

Command	;	Return Code	;	Binary File	CR	LF
---------	---	-------------	---	-------------	----	----

- Command  $\rightarrow$  command to which the reply is related.
- Separator → standard separator of protocol (see "Delimiters and separator" on page 52).
- Return Code  $\rightarrow$  it contains the result of the command, a code that identifies whether the command has been accepted or not, and possibly the type of error.
- Separator → standard separator of protocol (see "Delimiters and separator" on page 52).
- Binary File → Base64 encoded binary file.
- Delimiter → standard delimiter of protocol (see "Delimiters and separator" on page 52).

# **DEVICE PROCEDURE CONTROL COMMANDS**

## Procedure control command format and return codes

The Procedure control command format is the same as the Device control command format, see "Device control commands" on page 53.

For the Return Codes see "Return codes" on page 55.

# List of available procedure control functions

COMMAND	FUNCTION	PARAMETERS	TYPE
CRTJBF	Create Job File	Index of the bank on which the job is contained	asynchronous
CRTBCK	Create BackUp File		asynchronous
ULBF	Upload Binary File	Data to upload on the device	synchronous
DLBF	Download Binary File		synchronous
STJBF	Store job Binary file	Force overwrite bank and bank index on which to save the job	asynchronous
STBCK	Store Backup Binary file	Force overwrite in case one of the banks is full	asynchronous
FNZJBF	Finalize Job File Creation		synchronous
FNZBCK	Finalize BackUp File Creation		synchronous
FNZJST	Finalize Job File Storing		synchronous
FNZBST	Finalize BackUp File Storing		synchronous

## CRTJBF (CReaTeJoBFile)

Allows the device to start the creation of the binary file containing the information relating to a single job. The device switches from the "Running" state to the "Configuration" state.

Syntax:

#### CRTJBF;BankId<CR><LF>

BankId: index of the bank containing the job whose binary file is to be created. Reply:

#### CRTJBF;Returncode<CR><LF>

#### Possible return codes:

- Success → command successful.
- InvalidInput → incorrect bank number or the bank does not contain any saved iobs.
- AlreadyInConfiguration  $\rightarrow$  the device is in configuration, it is not possible to change the bank. Finalize the previous configuration by completing it or exiting without saving.
- NotInSession  $\rightarrow$  it is not possible to start a new configuration because a configuration is already started by another client (i.e. webApp or HMI Button).
- OtherInProgress → another asynchronous task is in progress or has not been finalized.



CAUTION: To return to the "Running" state, you need to perform one of the following operations:

- Finalize the creation of the package containing the job using the FNZ-JBF command
- Close the client connection with the device

## CRTBCK (CReaTeBaCKup)

Allows the device to start the creation of the binary file containing the device backup. The device switches from the "Running" state to the "Configuration" state. Syntax:

#### CRTBCK <CR><LF>

#### Reply:

#### CRTBCK:Returncode<CR><LF>

## Possible return codes:

- Success → command successful.
- InvalidInput → incorrect bank number or the bank does not contain any saved
- AlreadyInConfiguration  $\rightarrow$  the device is in configuration, it is not possible to change the bank. Finalize the previous configuration by completing it or exiting without saving.
- NotInSession  $\rightarrow$  it is not possible to start a new configuration because a configuration is already started by another client (i.e. webApp or HMI Button).
- OtherInProgress → another asynchronous task is in progress or has not been finalized.



CAUTION: To return to the "Running" state, you need to perform one of the following operations:

- Finalize the creation of the package containing the job using the FNZ-**BCK** command
- Close the client connection with the device

## ULBF (UpLoadBinaryFile)

Allows you to upload a binary file to the exchange area on the device.

#### Syntax:

#### ULBF;BinaryFile <CR><LF>

BinaryFile: File that must be uploaded to the exchange area.

#### Reply:

#### ULBF;Returncode<CR><LF>

#### Possible return codes:

- Success → command successful.
- AlreadyInConfiguration → a configuration has already started and the file cannot be loaded. Exit the configuration.

## DLBF (DownLoadBinaryFile)

Allows you to download a binary file from the exchange area on the device.

#### Syntax:

#### Reply:

## DLBF;Returncode;Binaryfile<CR><LF>

DLBF <CR><LF>

BinaryFile: binary file downloaded from the exchange area.

#### Possible return codes:

- Success → command successful.
- AlreadyInConfiguration → a configuration has already started and the file cannot be loaded. Exit the configuration.
- Failed → the exchange area is empty.

## STJBF (SToreJoBFile)

It allows to save the binary file containing the data of a single job, on the device's flash memory. The file must be previously uploaded to the exchange area. The device switches from the "Running" state to the "Configuration" state.

#### Syntax:

#### STJBF;Force;BankId<CR><LF>

Force: forces the bank to be overwritten if it already contains a job.

VALUE	FORCE
0	False
1	True

BankId: index of the bank on which the file is to be saved.

#### Reply:

#### STJBF;Returncode<CR><LF>

#### Possible return codes:

- Success → command successful.
- AlreadyInConfiguration  $\rightarrow$  a configuration has already started and the file cannot be loaded.
- NotInSession → it is not possible to start a new configuration because a configuration is already started by another client (i.e. webApp or HMI Button).
- InvalidInput → corrupted file, file not loaded (exchange area empty) or file not containing a single job backup.
- Failed → generic failure. reload the file in the exchange area and retry.



CAUTION: To return to the "Running" state, you need to perform one of the following operations:

- Finalize the creation of the package containing the job using the FNZ-JST command
- Close the client connection with the device

## STBCK (SToreBaCKup)

It allows to save the binary file containing the device backup on the device's flash memory. The file must be previously uploaded to the exchange area. The device switches from the "Running" state to the "Configuration" state.

Syntax:

#### STBCK;Force <CR><LF>

GForce: forces the flash to be overwritten.

VALUE	FORCE
0	False
1	True

Reply:

#### STBCK;Returncode<CR><LF>

#### Possible return codes:

- Success → command successful.
- AlreadyInConfiguration → a configuration has already started and the file cannot be loaded.
- NotInSession  $\rightarrow$  it is not possible to start a new configuration because a configuration is already started by another client (i.e. webApp or HMI Button)
- InvalidInput → corrupted file, file not loaded (exchange area empty) or file not containing a device backup.
- Failed  $\rightarrow$  generic failure. reload the file in the exchange area and retry.



CAUTION: To return to the "Running" state, you need to perform one of the following operations:

- Finalize the creation of the package containing the job using the **FNZBST** command
- Close the client connection with the device

## FNZJBF (FiNalaZeJoBFile)

Finalizes the asynchronous command to create a binary file containing a single job ("CRTJBF (CReaTeJoBFile)" on page 66).

Syntax:

FNZJBF<CR><LF>

Reply:

#### FNZJBF;ReturnCode;FileSizeByte <CR><LF>

FileSizeByte: Returns the size of the created file in bytes. The size of the file to be downloaded from the device, due to the base64 encoding, can be obtained with the following formula:

$$4\left\lceil \frac{FileSizeByte}{3} \right\rceil$$

or divided by 3, rounded up to the nearest integer, then multiplied by 4.

#### Possible return codes:

- Success → command successful.
- NotInProgress  $\rightarrow$  no asynchronous tasks in progress.
- OtherInProgress  $\rightarrow$  another asynchronous task is in progress.
- Failed → package creation failed.

## FNZBCK (FiNalaZeBaCKup)

Finalize the asynchronous command to create a binary file containing the device backup ("CRTBCK (CReaTeBaCKup)" on page 66).

Syntax:

FNZBCK<CR><LF>

Reply:

#### FNZBCK;ReturnCode;FileSizeByte <CR><LF>

FileSizeByte: Returns the size of the created file in bytes. The size of the file to be downloaded from the device, due to the base64 encoding, can be obtained with the following formula:

$$4\left[\frac{FileSizeByte}{3}\right]$$

or divided by 3, rounded up to the nearest integer, then multiplied by 4.

#### Possible return codes:

- Success → command successful.
- NotInProgress → no asynchronous tasks in progress.
- OtherInProgress → another asynchronous task is in progress.
- Failed → package creation failed

## FNZJST (FiNaliZeJobSTorage)

Finalizes the asynchronous command to save a binary file containing a single job ("STJBF (SToreJoBFile)" on page 67).

Syntax:

FNZJST<CR><LF>

Reply:

#### FNZJST;ReturnCode;BankStatus;JobName <CR><LF>

JobName: Name of the job contained (Empty Bank in the case of an empty bank).

#### Possible return codes:

- Success → command successful.
- NotInProgress → no asynchronous tasks in progress.
- OtherInProgress → another asynchronous task is in progress.
- Failed → saving the package did not finish successful.

## FNZBST (FiNaliZeBackupSTorage)

Finalizes the asynchronous command to save a binary file containing the device backup ("STBCK (SToreBaCKup)" on page 68).

Syntax:

FNZBST<CR><LF>

Reply:

#### FNZJST;ReturnCode;BankStatus;JobName <CR><LF>

JobName: Name of the job contained (Empty Bank in the case of an empty bank).

#### Possible return codes:

- Success → command successful.
- NotInProgress → no asynchronous tasks in progress.
- OtherInProgress → another asynchronous task is in progress.
- Failed → saving the package did not finish successfully.

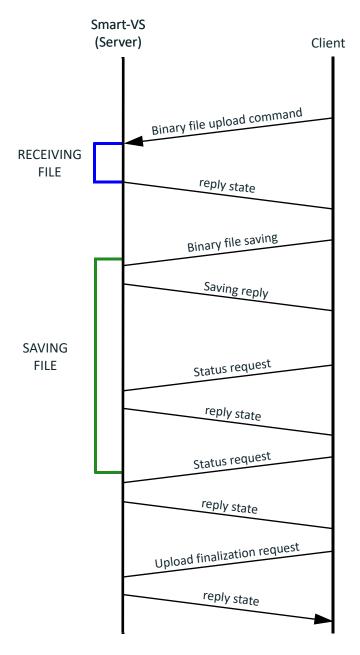
# Example Upload of a binary file

In order to upload a binary file to a device it is necessary to perform two steps:

- 1. Upload the package to your device.
- 2. Save the package in Flash.

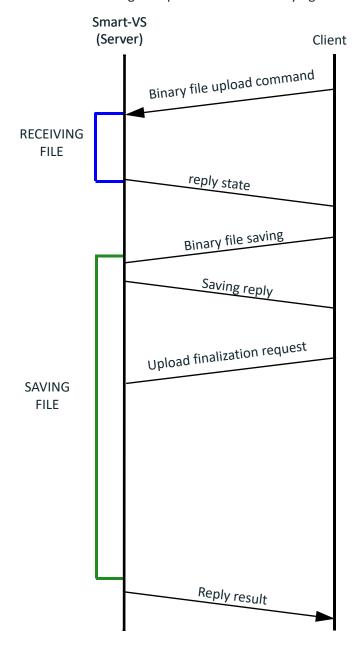
## Scenario 1

The finalization of the saving is requested once the actual end of the task has been verified.



## Scenario 2

The finalization of the saving is requested without verifying the actual end of the task.



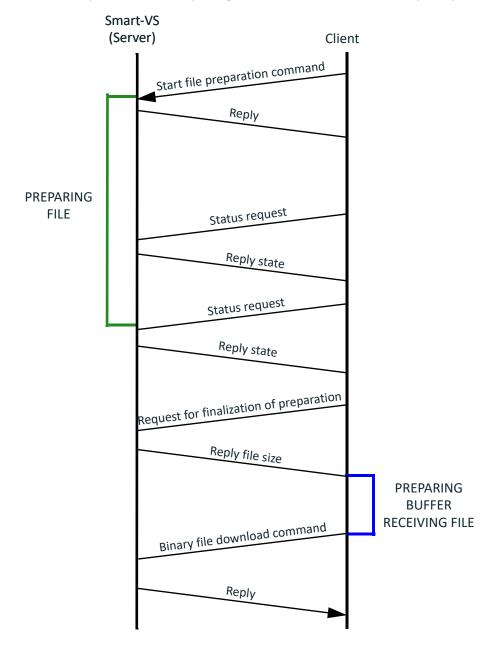
# Example Downloading a binary file

In order to download a binary file from a device it is necessary to perform two steps:

- 1. Request package preparation from the device.
- 2. Download the package.

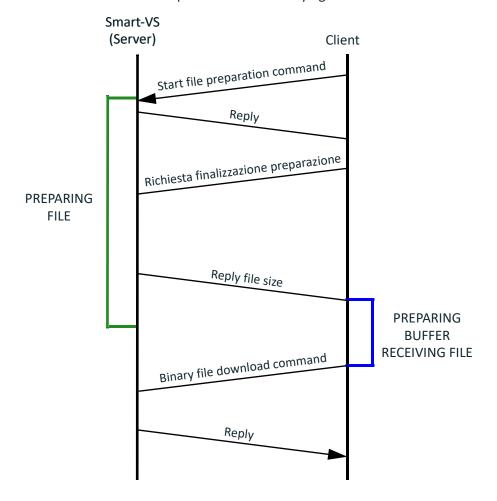
## Scenario 1

The file size is requested once the package creation has been successfully completed.



#### Scenario 2

The finalization of the task is requested without verifying the actual end of the task.



# **Protocol exceptions**

In the case of syntax errors, two exceptions can be generated by the protocol.

The format of the exceptions is the same as the format of the replies to the \upload\download control commands (see "Reply format" on page 53).

There are two return codes dedicated to the case of exceptions in the protocol:

- Code 13 (ProtocolError) → indicates a syntax error on the command, such as the presence of an unexpected separator or an unnecessary parameter
- Code 14 (UnknownMethod) → the protocol is syntactically correct but the required functionality does not exist.

© 2020-2024 Datasensing S.r.l. • All rights reserved • Without limiting the rights under copyright, no part of this documentation may be reproduced, stored in or introduced into a retrieval system, or transmitted in any form or by any means, or for any purpose, without the express written permission of Datasensing S.r.l. • Datasensing and the Datasensing logo are trademarks of Datasensing S.r.l. • Datalogic and the Datalogic logo are registered trademarks of Datalogic S.p.A. in many countries, including the U.S. and the E.U.

# **ODATALOGIC**

## Datasensing S.r.l.

Strada S. Caterina 235 | 41122 Modena | Italy Tel. +39 059 420411 | Fax +39 059 253973



806000510

(Rev C)

February 2024